



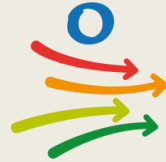
# **Data Needs and Availability for Monitoring and Reporting for Disability-related SDG Indicators**

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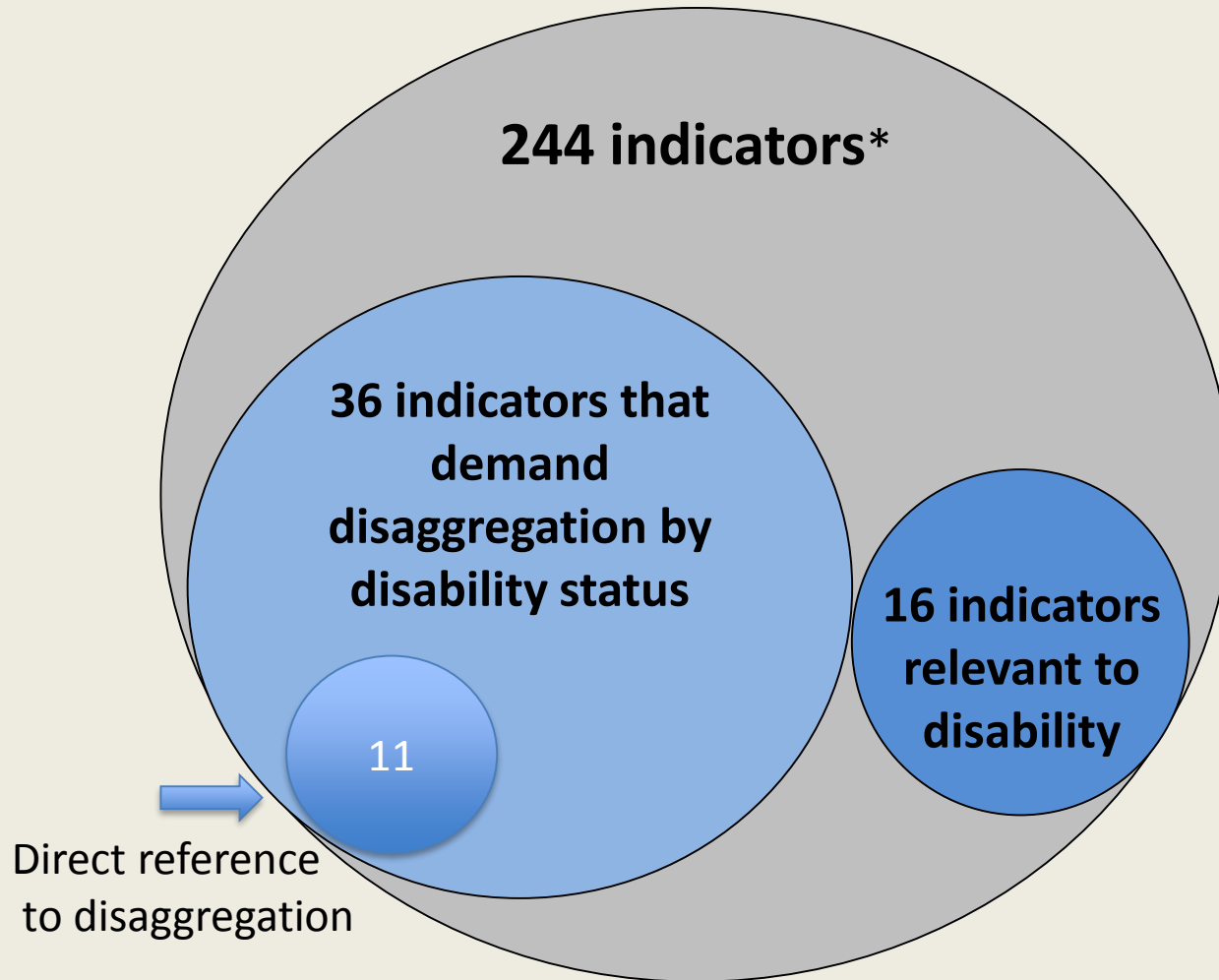
# Disability in SDG Monitoring Framework

# Disability in the 2030 Agenda



11 out of 17 Goals are relevant to migration

# SDG Indicators for Global Monitoring



\* include 9 duplicates and 3 triplicates

# Indicators for Disaggregation





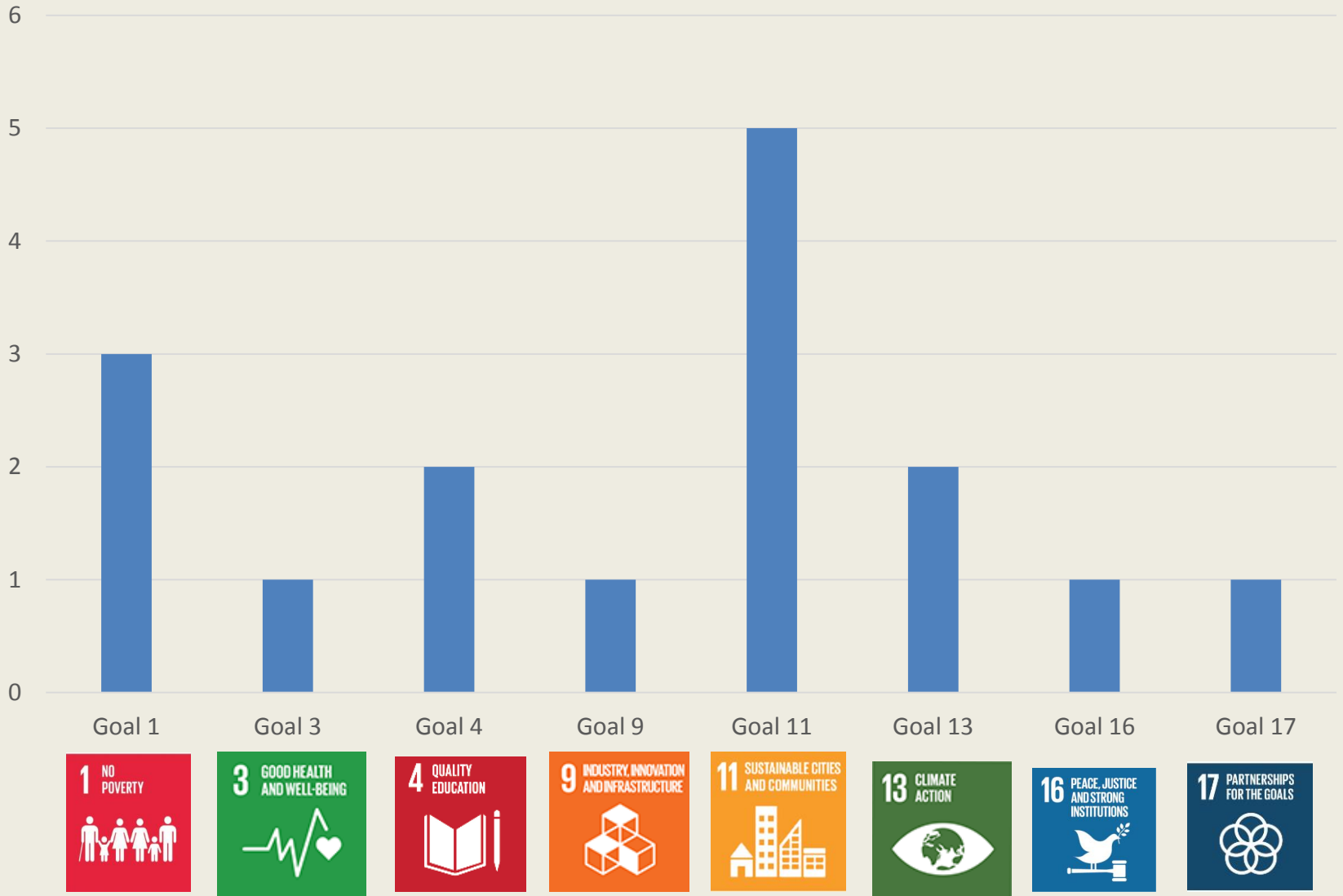
# Goal 1 Indicators for Disaggregation

	Indicators
1.1.1	Proportion of population below the international poverty line
1.2.1	Proportion of population living below the national poverty line
1.3.1	Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/schemes
1.4.1	Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services
1.5.1	Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters

# Goal 16 Indicators for Disaggregation

	Indicators
16.1.3	Proportion of population subject to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months
16.2.1	Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers
16.2.3	Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities .....
16.7.1	Proportion of persons (by sex, age, <b>persons with disabilities</b> and population groups) in public institutions
16.7.2	Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, <b>disability</b> and population group
16.9.1	Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with civil authority by age
16.b.1	Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed ....

# Disability Related Indicators

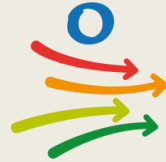






# Goal 11 Indicators Relevant to Disability

	Indicators
11.1.1	Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing
11.3.2	Proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically
11.7.1	Average share of the build-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and <b>persons with disabilities</b>
11.b.1	Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030
11.b.2	Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies



# **Data Gaps and Challenges In Measuring and Reporting Migration**



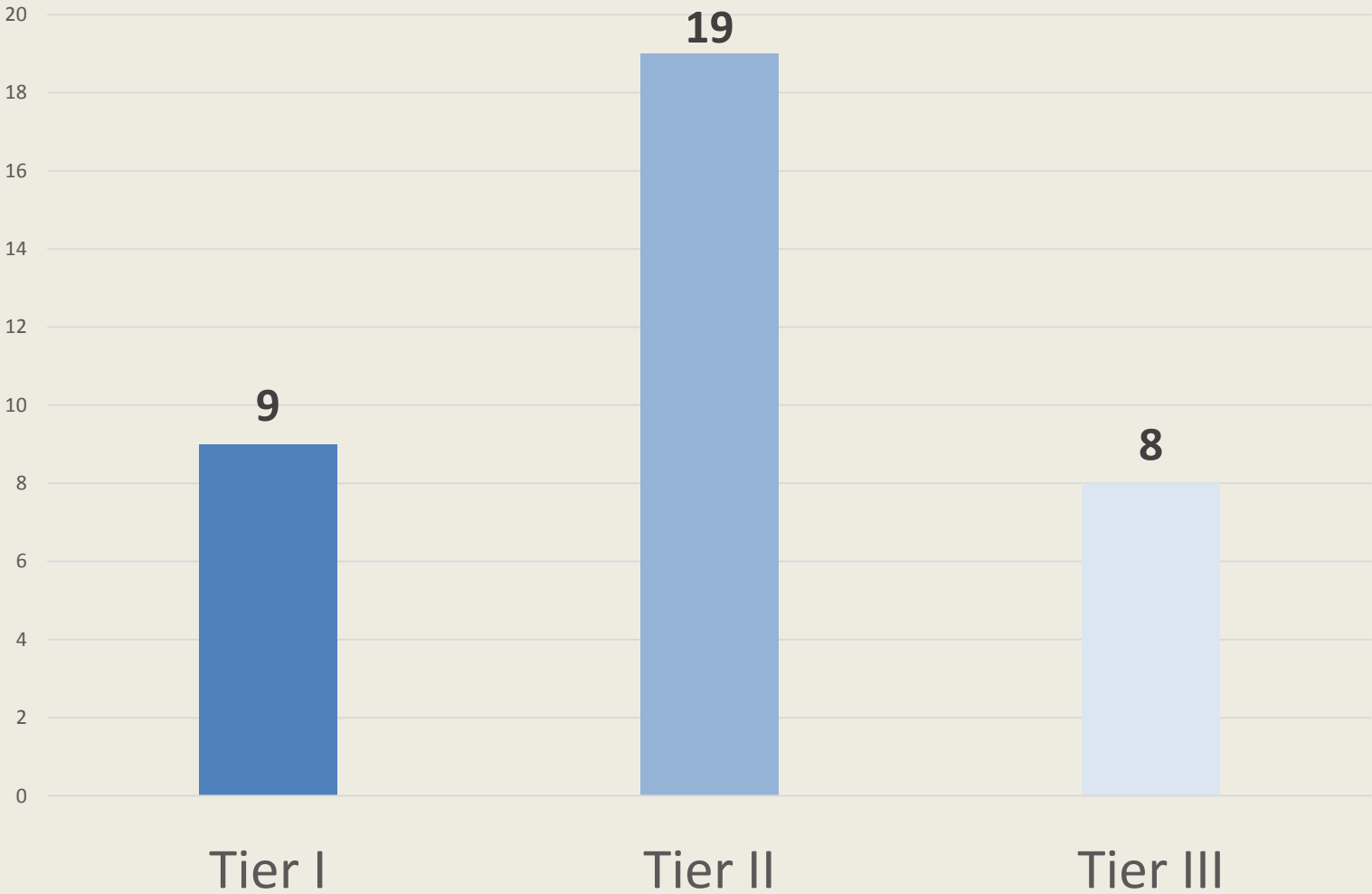
# Data Availability of Indicators on Disability

The first important step will be the assessment of the availability of data. The SDG indicators can be classified into three tiers:

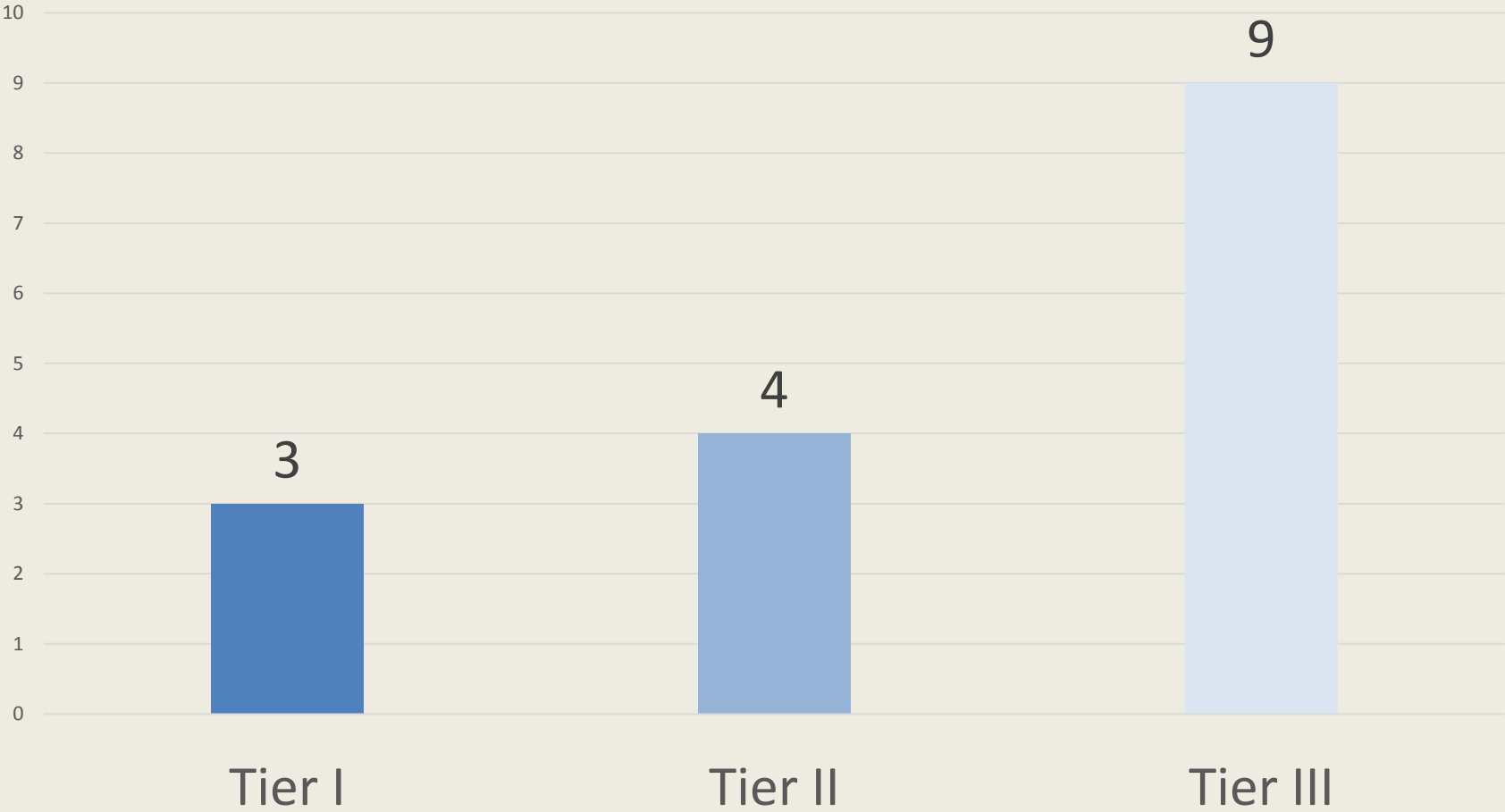
Tier I	<b>Indicators conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available, and data regularly produced by countries</b>
Tier II	Indicators conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available, but data are not regularly produced by countries
Tier III	Indicators for which there are no established methodology and standards or methodology/standards are being developed

Note: The classification of indicators is subject to change after periodic review by IAEG-SDGs.

# Indicators for Disaggregation by Tier



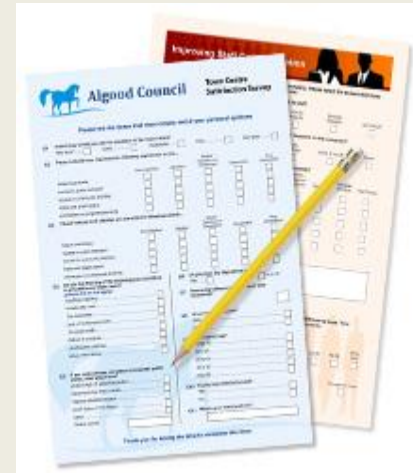
# Indicators Relevant to Disability By Tier

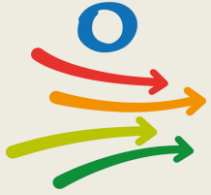




# Where Do We Obtain Data?

- Censuses, Surveys, Administrative Records
- Explore non-traditional sources or big data? Can we combine data sources?
- Frequency of data obtainable differs among statistical sources
- Census: conducted once in 10 years
- Surveys: few countries conduct a disability survey, sample size constraints
- Administrative Records: no fully explored/utilized as statistical sources, coverage issue





# Challenges in Monitoring and Reporting disability related indicators

- Huge demands for disability statistics
- Gaps in the availability of SDG indicators relevant to disability, especially those related to environment
- Improvements in the availability/refinement of concepts of indicators are necessary, together with efforts for data disaggregation
- Challenges inherent in data sources
  - Frequency, Coverage, Administration
- Comprehensive statistical capacity development programmes are needed



**Thank you !**



